

Overall and Cause-specific Mortality differences by Partnership status in 21st Century England & Wales

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LS Roadshow, Bristol, 10. November 2015

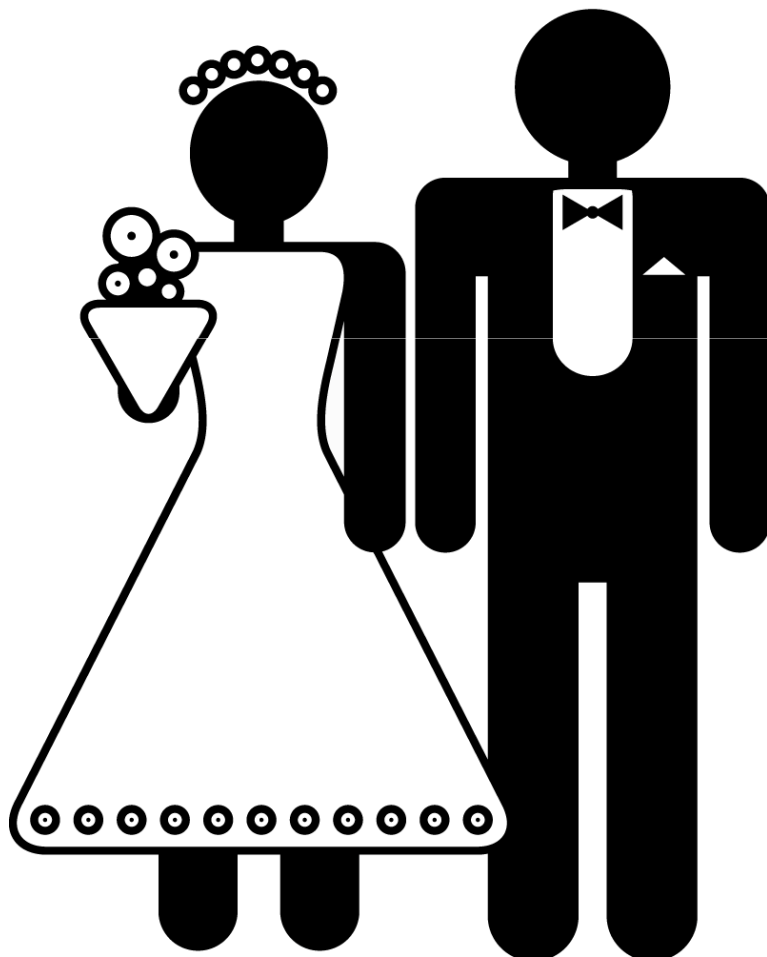


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Background



Lower mortality rates

- Since 1850s
- More pronounced for men than for women
- independent from socio-economic and socio-demographic factors



Western Countries have changed...

- Increase in cohabitation
- Increase in divorce rates
- Increase in lone parent families
- Increase in life expectancy

Data and Methods

ONS Longitudinal Study

- set up in 1974 - linked census and vital events data
- 1% sample population of England and Wales
- deaths yearly, PS, socioeconomic characteristics from census years

Cox Proportional Hazard Model

$$h_i(t) = h_0(t) \exp(\beta_1 x_{i1} + \beta_2 x_{i2} + \dots + \beta_k x_{ik})$$

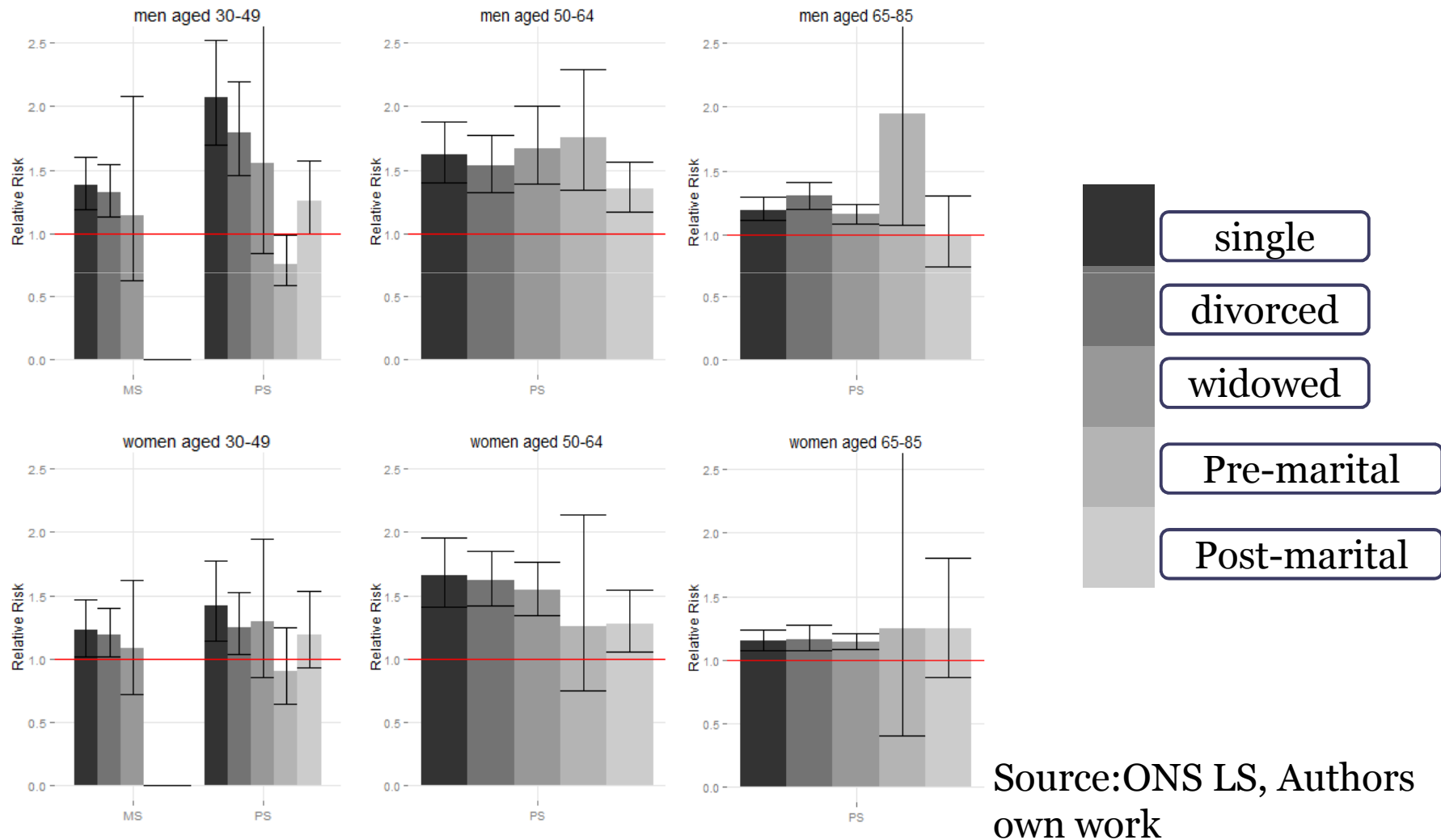


Data

- Census 2001
- Men and women aged 30-85 (in age groups 30-49, 50-64, 65-85)
- Country of Birth, Ethnicity, Education, SES, Household size, Children
- Marital status, Household composition

First paper

Mortality differences by partnership status(2001) in England & Wales between census 2001 and census 2011

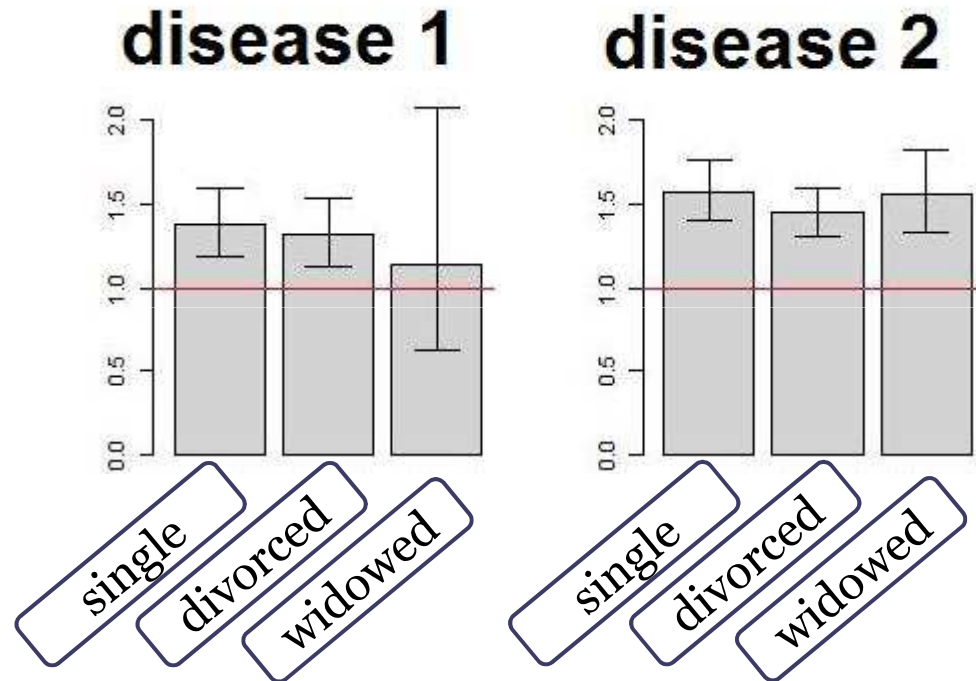




Cause-specific analysis

Comparing by cause - but how?

Example:



Simultaneous survival analysis (Competing Risk analysis)
[An Introduction to Survival Analysis using Stata (3rd Edition)
– Cleves et al.]

Comparing by cause - but what?

5 main causes + 2

5 main causes

3 main causes

Circulatory
disease

Cancer

Respiratory
disease

Digestive System
disease

Nervous system
disease

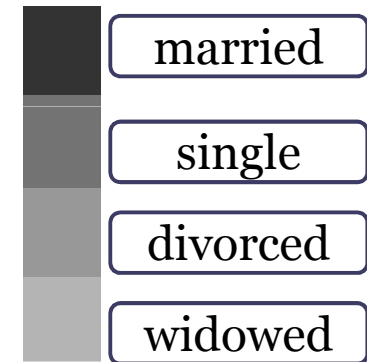
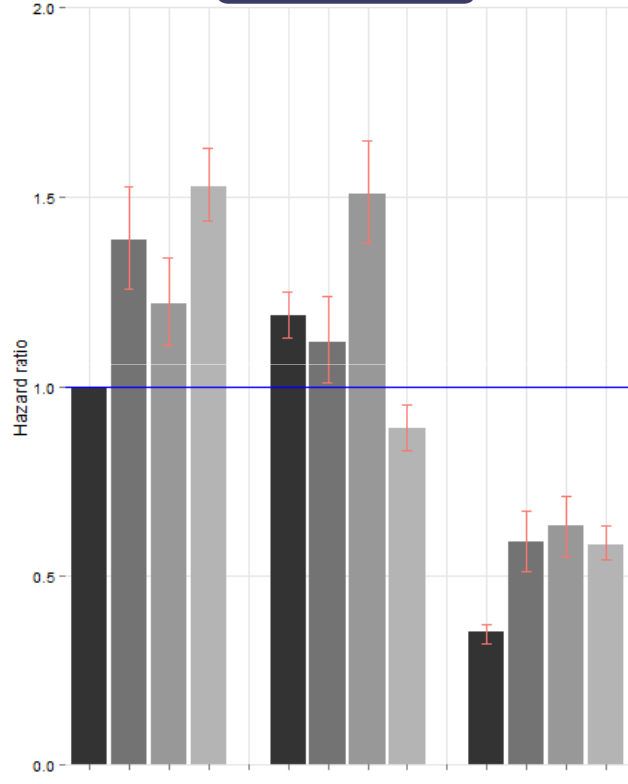
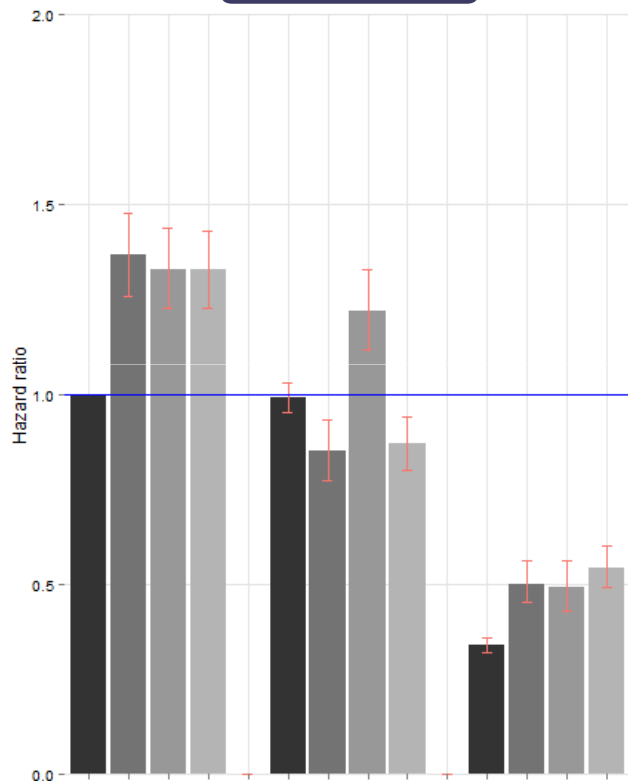
Accidents

Alcohol

Comparative Mortality risk of population- 30-85

men

women



Circulatory d.

Cancer

Respiratory d.

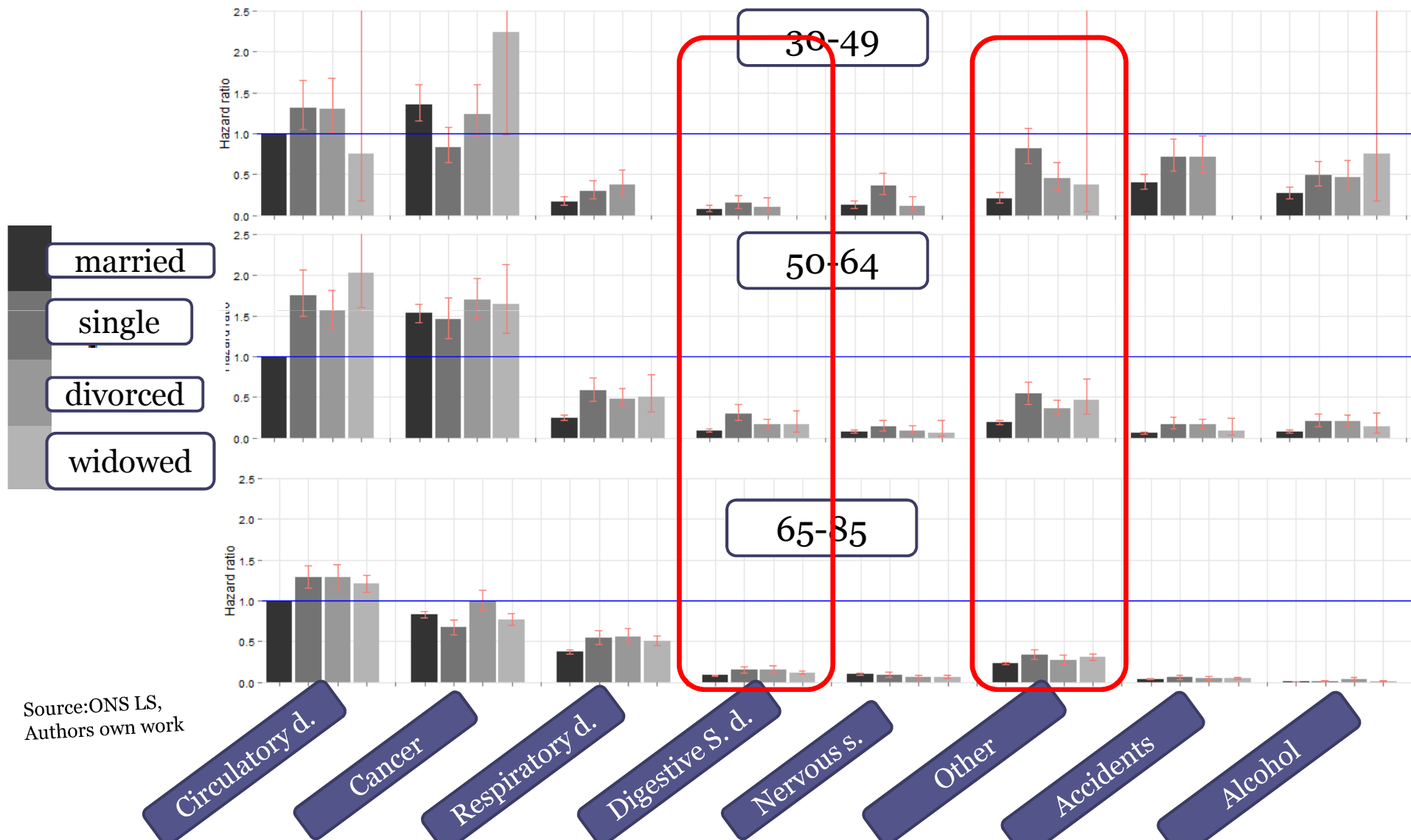
Circulatory d.

Cancer

Respiratory d.

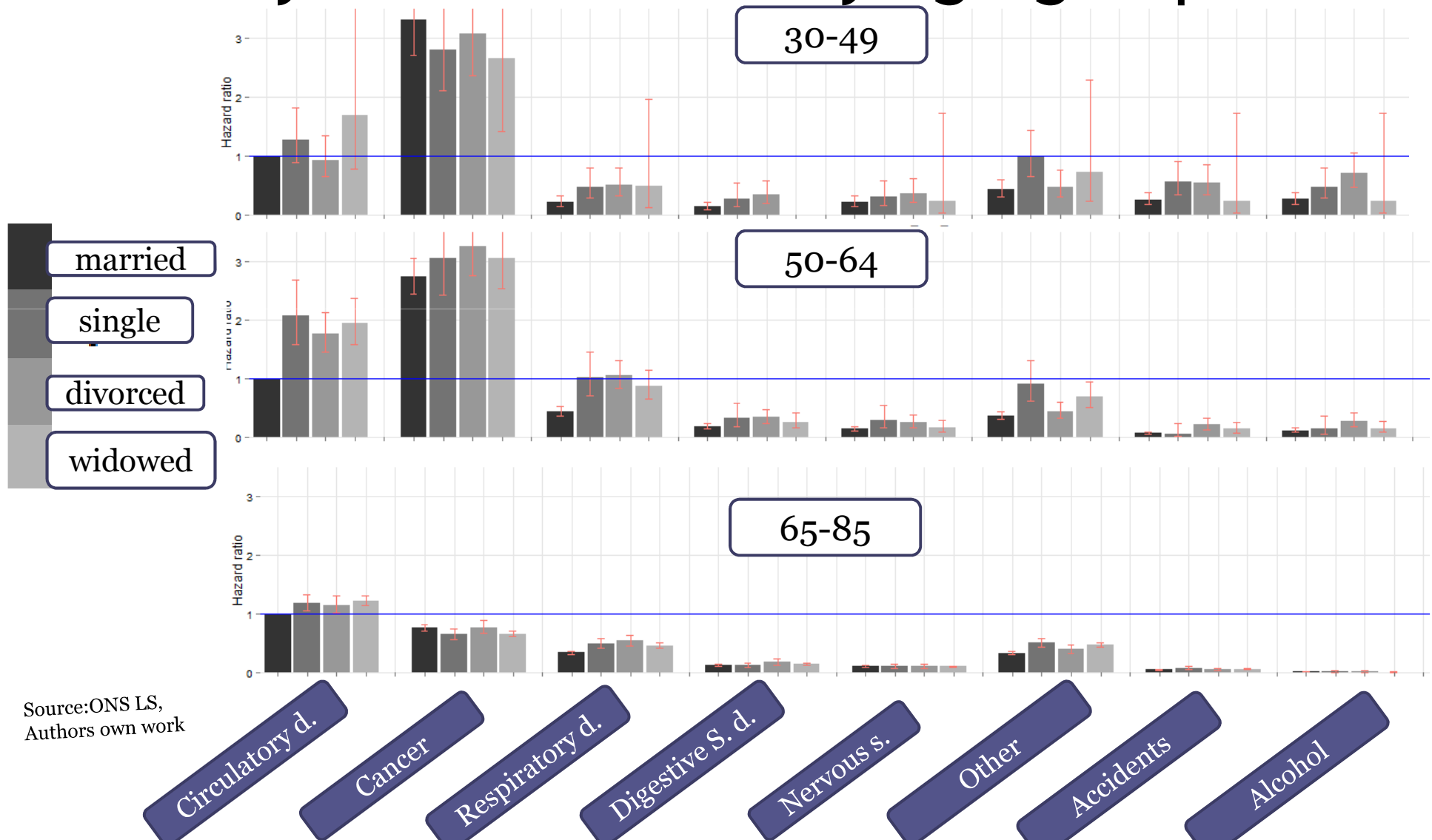
Source:ONS LS, Authors own work

Comparative Mortality risk of men by age-group



Source:ONS LS,
Authors own work

Comparative Mortality risk of women by age-group



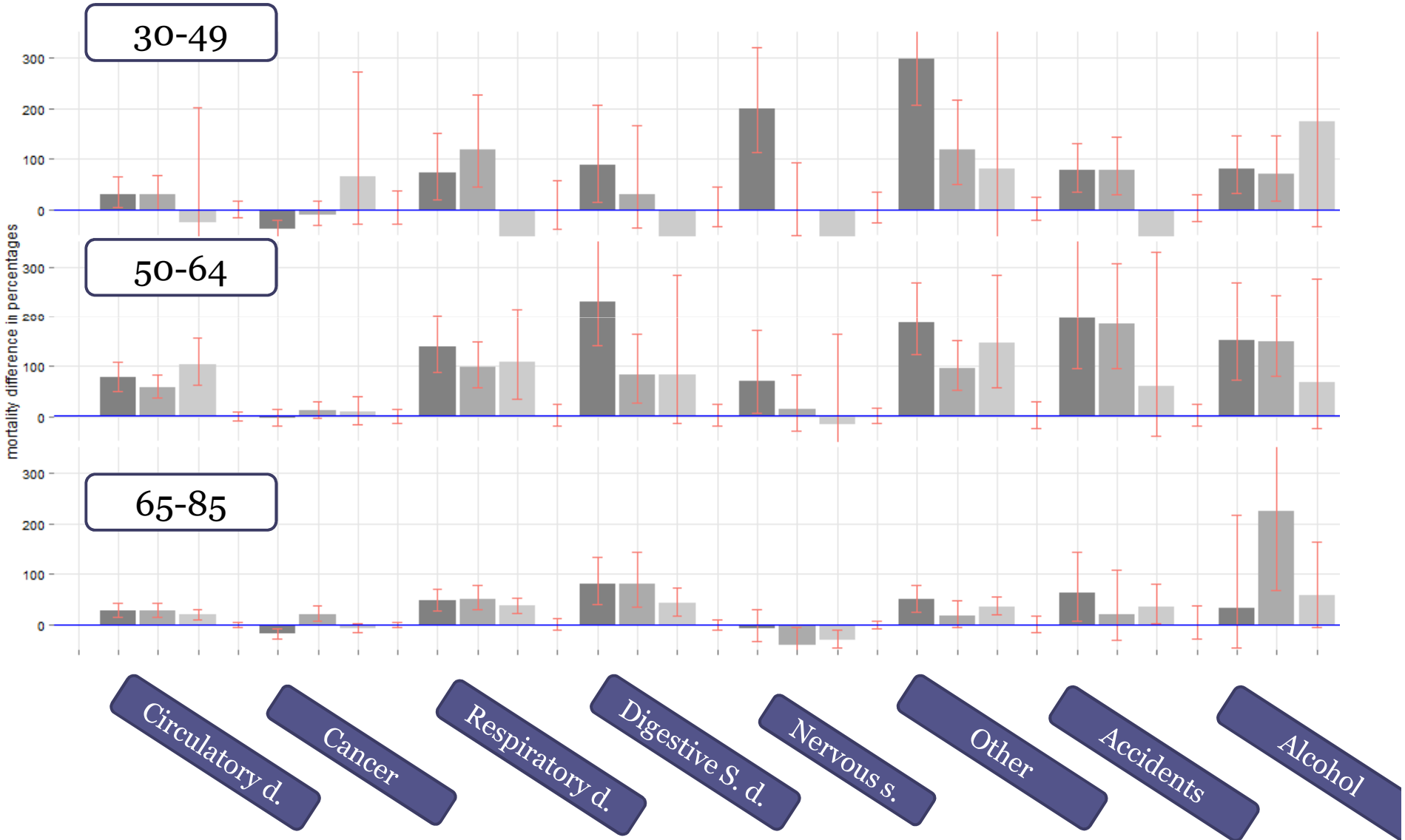
Source: ONS LS,
Authors own work



Adjusted/standardized mortality risk by cause

Standardized male mortality

- single
- divorced
- widowed

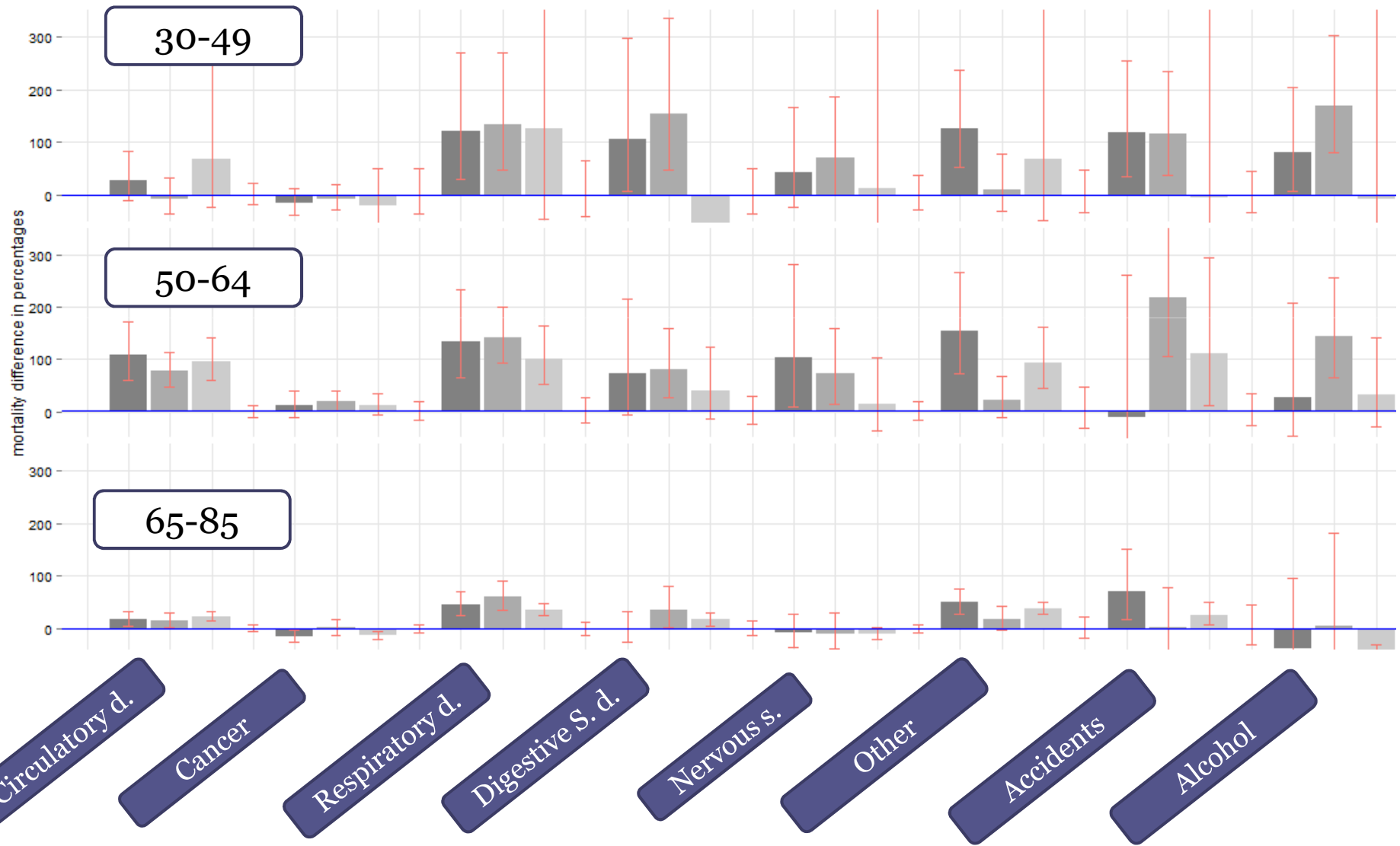


Standardized female mortality

single

divorced

widowed





Summary and Conclusions

All-cause mortality

- Marital status differences are even bigger for non-married without a partner

Cause-specific mortality

- Cancer seems to be MS independent – same treatment for everyone?
- Some can be explained by change in behaviour of married people (protection effect)

Acknowledgement and Copyright

- The permission of the Office for National Statistics to use the Longitudinal Study is gratefully acknowledged, as is the help provided by staff of the Centre for Longitudinal Study Information & User Support (CeLSIUS). CeLSIUS is supported by the ESRC Census of Population Programme (Award Ref: ES/K000365/1). The authors alone are responsible for the interpretation of the data.
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Thank you for you attention!

Selected references

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